

# The Cairo Bulletin.

OFFICE, BULLETIN BUILDING, COR. 12TH STREET AND WASHINGTON AVENUE.

JOHN H. OBERLY, PROPRIETOR.

CAIRO, ILLINOIS, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1873.

BULLETIN BUILDING WASHINGTON-AV.

## OUR CHURCHES.

**PRESBYTERIAN**—Eighty-first street, 74 p.m. Praying meeting, Wednesday at 74 p.m. Sabbath School, 9 a.m. J. M. Landen, Superintendent. REV. H. TRAYER, Pastor.

**METHODIST**—Cor. Eighth and Walnut Sts. Praying meeting, Wednesday, 74 p.m. Sabbath School, 9 a.m. L. W. Sullivan, Superintendent. REV. F. L. THOMPSON, Pastor.

**CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER**—(Episcopal)—Morning prayers, Sabbath 10 a.m. Evening prayers, 74 p.m. Sabbath School, 9 a.m. REV. E. COAN, Rector.

**ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH**—Ninth St. and Washington Avenue. Public service, Sabbath 8:10 and 10 a.m. Vespers, 7 p.m. Sabbath School, 2 p.m. Service every day 8 a.m.

**ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH**—(German)—Corner of Walnut and Cross streets. Mass, every Sabbath at 10 o'clock a.m. Vespers, 2 p.m. Mass during week days, 8 o'clock a.m. REV. C. HOFFMAN, Priest.

**GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH**—13th street between Washington and Walnut streets. Praying Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock p.m. H. C. Thieleke, Superintendent.

**YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION**—Regular meeting second Monday each month at their room over Rockwell & Co's book store, Commercial avenue. Weekly Prayer meeting, Friday, 74 p.m. at the room.

**SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH**—Corner of Second and Fourth streets. Praying Sabbath at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7 o'clock p.m. Sunday School, 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. The church is connected with the Illinois Association by the First Missionary Baptist Church of Cairo.

**AFRICAN METHODIST**—Fourteenth, between Walnut and Cedar. Services, Sabbath, 11 a.m. Sabbath School, 11 p.m. Class meets at 10 o'clock a.m.

**SECOND FREE WILL BAPTIST**—Fifteenth Street, between Walnut and Cedar. Services, Sabbath, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School, 11 p.m.

**FIRST FREE WILL BAPTIST CHURCH**—Corner of Third and Fourth streets. Services, Sabbath, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School, 11 p.m.

**FIRST MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH**—Cedar, between Ninth and Tenth streets. Praying Sabbath, 10 a.m. and 7 p.m. Praying meeting, Wednesday evening. Sabbath School, 11 p.m. John VanBaxter and Mary Stearns, Superintendents.

**SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH**—Fourteenth street between Cedar and Walnut. The only Baptist church recognized by the Association. Services, Sabbath, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. REV. JACOB BRADLEY, Elder.

## SECRET ORDERS.

**THE MASONS**. CAIRO COMMANDERY, No. 13.—Stated Assembly at the Asylum Masonic Hall, first and third Mondays in each month. CAIRO COUNCIL, No. 24.—Regular Convocation at Masonic Hall, the second Friday in each month. CAIRO CHAPTER, No. 71.—Regular Convocation at Masonic Hall, on the third Tuesday of every month. CAIRO LODGE, No. 257 F. & A. M.—Regular Communications at Masonic Hall, the second and fourth Mondays of each month. THE ODD-FELLOWS. ALEXANDER LODGE, 229.—Meets in Odd-Fellows' Hall, in Arter's building, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

## STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—Richard J. Oglesby. Lieutenant-Governor—John L. Beveridge. Secretary of State—George H. Harlow. Auditor of State—C. E. Lippincott. State Treasurer—Casper R. Kutz. Attorney General—James R. Edsall. Supt. Public Instruction—Newton Bateman. SENATORS—Lyman Trumbull and John A. Logan. Representative for the State at Large—S. L. Beveridge. Representative Thirteenth District—John M. Greb.

**MEMBERS GENERAL ASSEMBLY.** Representatives in the 10th district.—John H. Oberly, Wm. A. Leuma and Mathew J. Incore. Senator for the 10th district.—Jesse Ware.

## COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judge—D. J. Baker, of Alexander. State Attorney—Patrick H. Pope. Clerk—R. S. Yocum. Sheriff—A. H. Irvin. Wm. Martin, Auditor and Treasurer. COUNTY COURT. Judge—F. J. Ross. Associates—J. E. McCrite and S. Marchildon. Coroner—Jacob G. Lynch. Coroner—John H. Gosman.

## MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT.

Mayor—John M. Landen. Treasurer—R. A. Cunningham. Comptroller—E. A. Burnett. Clerk—Michael Lawley. Marshal—Andrew Cain. Attorney—P. H. Pope. Police Magistrates—F. Bross and B. Shan. Chief of Police—L. H. Myers. SELECT COUNCIL. Mayor—John M. Landen. First Ward—G. J. Bell. Second Ward—C. R. Woodward. Third Ward—J. W. Wood. Fourth Ward—W. F. Taylor. City at Large—W. F. Halliday and D. Hurd.

## BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

First Ward—James Hearden, A. B. Safford, Isaac Walder. Second Ward—H. H. Cunningham, E. Butler, G. Stancel, James Swayne. Third Ward—Wm. Stratton, J. B. Phillips. Fourth Ward—H. H. Robinson, G. H. case, J. H. Metcalf.

## PHYSICIANS.

**DR. B. C. TABER,** Will resume the practice of his profession with especial reference to the electrical treatment of diseases in all the new and improved methods of application. In all cases of female complaints a lady will be in attendance. Office, 128 Commercial avenue, up stairs.

**WILLIAM K. SMITH, M. D.** Residence—No. 31 Thirteenth street, between Washington avenue and Walnut street. Office—128 Commercial avenue, up stairs.

**C. W. DUNNING, M. D.** Residence—corner Ninth and Walnut sts. Office—corner Sixth street and Ohio street. Office hours—from 8 a.m. to 12 m., and 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.

**H. WARDNER, M. D.** Residence—Corner Nineteenth street and Washington avenue, near court house. Office—over Arter's Grocery Store, Ohio street from 9 a.m. to 12 m. and from 2 to 6 p.m.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

### POLITICAL.

**J. BANCROFT DAVIS APPOINTED ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.**

**MR. BOUTWELL THINKS HE HAS MADE A GOOD BARGAIN.**

**ANOTHER TILT BETWEEN COLFAX AND AMES.**

**WINE TO BE DISPENSED WITH AT THE INAUGURATION CEREMONIES.**

**PROCEEDINGS OF THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES.**

ETC., ETC., ETC.

**WILSON'S COMMITTEE.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Wilson investigating committee today were in secret session several hours, and at 2 o'clock resumed the examination of Oliver Ames. He testified that the sum of \$128,000 was set apart for special legal expenses; had not the least idea how the money was used; never heard that any members of congress received any money; was never in Washington while legislation was pending on the subject of the Union Pacific railroad.

Witness was examined at length. He supposed the money for special legal services was furnished for the purpose of obtaining favorable legislation but could give no information as to who paid the money or to whom it was paid. Gen. Dodge and Oakes Ames were here in the interest of the road at the time of legislation referred to, and in these gentlemen he had confidence. The board of directors had always looked to Oakes Ames to look after the Pacific railroad matters at Washington, and believed he would do what was necessary for the interest of the road. Witness said a note for \$2,000,000 was given by the Union Pacific railroad to the Credit Mobilier under the Hoxie contract. The note was still outstanding, and if paid, the proceeds would go to stockholders of the Credit Mobilier. The attention of witness being called to the entry on the Pacific railroad books giving credit of about one million dollars to the Credit Mobilier, witness said this money was advanced by the Credit Mobilier on account of Ames' contract. The entire contract of the Union Pacific railroad company was turned over to the board of trustees of the Credit Mobilier. The committee adjourned till evening.

**J. BANCROFT DAVIS.** The senate in executive session confirmed the nomination of J. Bancroft Davis, to be assistant secretary of state vice Charles Hall resigned.

**LOUISIANA.** The senate committee on elections, this morning, owing to the absence of witnesses, postponed the examination of the presidential and senatorial elections in Louisiana till Monday. The committee then went into secret session to discuss the question whether the decision of the Louisiana supreme court, yesterday, does not preclude them from inquiry as to the legal statutes of the present state government.

**THE INAUGURATION.** At a meeting last night of the general committee, having in charge the inauguration ceremonies on the 4th of March, a resolution was adopted instructing the ball committee to dispense with spirituous liquors on the occasion of the inauguration, and to allow none in the building.

**THE FIVE PERCENTS.** Mr. Boutwell regards the disposal of the remaining \$300,000,000 of 5 per cent. funding loan bonds to the syndicate as a very fortunate transaction for the government. He expects the treasury will realize 98 cents on the dollar for the bonds.

**RESIGNED.** Mr. Hall has resigned, and J. Bancroft Davis has been nominated in his place.

**AMES CROSS-EXAMINED.** WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—At the sitting of Poland's Credit Mobilier committee this morning, Representative Wm. D. Kelly cross-examined Oakes Ames. The witness reiterated his testimony that he held, as the property of Kelly, ten shares of Credit Mobilier stock; they became Kelly's property in 1868, when he paid for them; the dividends witness also held for Kelly; he also held for him ten shares of Union Pacific stock, which came into his hands early in 1868; altogether witness holds forty or fifty shares Union Pacific stock, and some income bonds, which belong to Kelly.

**N. G. ORDWAY, sergeant-at-arms** of the house, was recalled and explained how the business of his office was conducted, private accounts being kept with each member, as they frequently sent drafts home, etc.

**NOTHING IMPORTANT.** No business of public importance was considered at the cabinet meeting today.

Colfax inquired of Ames why he did not cross-examine him about the \$1,200 check when he gave his testimony.

Ames: "I did not want to bring it out; wanted to let you off as easy as I could; I was in hopes it would not come out."

Ames: "Did you get the \$1,200?"

Colfax: "I did not."

Colfax: "Mr. Ames, in your private memorandum book, which I hope the committee will have brought here, have you the names of the members of congress to whom you let have stock?"

Answer: "Yes, sir."

Question: "Did I give you any receipt for this check?"

Answer: "No, sir. It never belonged to me."

Question: "Have you ever told me, during the past four years, that I was owner of this stock?"

Answer: "I don't know whether I did or not; I do not understand your version of the affair, at all; I gave you the check and here is proof of it by the books; what is the use of trying to get around it, or over it?"

Colfax to the committee: "I repeat exactly as I stated before, that I never received a dollar on any account from the Credit Mobilier; I never saw the check, and don't know whether it was signed by O. Ames or Oakes Ames; I could not have added to my income \$1,200 without remembering something about it. During the whole six years he has never proposed to pay me anything, and never told me I was owner of the stock. I told Ames I would not buy in a law suit, and that ended the matter between us."

Ames: "The check for \$52,741 completed your payment for stock."

Judge Poland to Colfax: "Do you admit that you gave him a check for \$52,741?"

Colfax: "I suppose so; I thought at the time I was paying him \$500 on my purchase and interest, but did not understand that this completed the transaction. I understood that dividends had been earned and were unpaid, and would go to make up the balance due by me, but did not understand that that completed the purchase; I do not remember of Ames saying anything about selling bonds, when the \$500 were paid by me; I had the impression that the proceeds from these bonds, when sold, would go to complete the purchase; I suppose I did pay Ames the \$52,741 by a check on the sergeant-at-arms, but am confident that I never received any check for \$1,200 from Ames, either payable to S. C. or Schuyler Colfax, or for any amount whatever. I have never received a certificate of stock and no proceeds from it."

Ames: "Colfax, did I did not render you a statement of sale of bonds received as dividends, and you gave me that \$52,741 check for the balance?"

Colfax: "No, sir; there might have been a slip of paper, or memorandum of \$52,741; I am not certain about that."

Ames: "I ask you if I didn't give you a statement showing a credit derived from the sale of bonds?"

Colfax: "I deny it."

Ames: "I am sorry to hear you."

Colfax: "You told me some dividends had been earned, but were unpaid."

Ames: "If he denies it, and says he did not, I don't want to ask him any more questions. That is enough for me."

Ames further testified that he called on Colfax the night before he (Ames) made his first statement before the committee, and asked him (Colfax) if they understood each other. Colfax said: "You will testify to the truth," and he (Ames) replied, "Certainly, I am going to do that." He now supposed that Colfax had not an idea from testimony, of course, that he (Ames) was going to testify the same as Colfax.

Colfax read from the testimony of Ames and asked how he made certain parts of his testimony then, agree with what he had testified since?

Ames: "I have refreshed my memory since, from the books of the sergeant-at-arms. I do not think you wear hard enough here to get out of it, either; and I remember all now, and have the vouchers."

Colfax to Judge Poland: "I rest the case, sir."

Committee adjourned till to-morrow.

## CASUALTIES.

**DAMAGES BY THE FLOOD IN MARYLAND.**

**THE FLOOD IN MARYLAND.** HAYNE DE GRACE, Md., Jan. 24.—A family of nine persons have just been rescued from Kenn's island, opposite this place, where they had been driven from their home by the flood. They were nearly dead from exposure. Damages already caused by the flood amount to about \$80,000.

## ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Dr. W. C. Tilden, professor of chemistry in Howard university, was accidentally shot in the National hotel last night, by a ball from a pistol which fell from the pocket of G. C. Wall. The ball entered the abdomen, making a very serious wound. It is thought he will recover.

## FOREIGN.

**L'ONCLE SAM.** PARIS, Jan. 24.—The American Register says the first and second acts of M. Sardon's play, "L'OnCLE Sam," are filled with abuses of American women and manners.

**DISCOVERED.** LONDON, Jan. 24.—The Belgian consul at Dover has informed the authorities that the steamer which ran down the North Fleet was the "Pelayo," bound from Antwerp for Havana.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**LATER NEWS FROM THE MODOC WAR.**

**PROCEEDINGS IN THE NATIONAL PRISON REFORM CONGRESS.**

**NO NEWS FROM THE STEAMER ALASKA.**

**THE MORMONS IN TROUBLE IN CACHE VALLEY.**

ETC., ETC., ETC.

**THE MODOCS.** SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—The latest intelligence from the seat of the Modoc war is to the effect that Capt. Jack is evidently contemplating a raid on the settlement of Battle Creek, within 40 miles of Yreka. In a recent fight the Indians captured 7 guns and considerable ammunition. Additional particulars about the battle do not change the results as first announced. Capt. Jack preserves military discipline, drills his men every day, by the assistance of persons well acquainted with military tactics and ambushing, probably renegade whites, who have been allies.

**FROM HONG KONG.** NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—A telegram from Hong Kong received yesterday at the office of the Pacific mail steamship company here, announces that the steamer Alaska is over due at that port 3 days, in a voyage of 8 days from Yokohama. It causes considerable excitement.

**PRISON REFORM CONGRESS.** BALTIMORE, Jan. 24.—In the national prison reform congress today, St. Louis was designated as the place for the next annual meeting.

Dr. Wines submitted a memorial to be presented to congress for aid. After discussion the resolution was adopted and adjourned.

At this point a lady sent up \$10 for membership fee of the association, accompanied by a resolution that all members of prison reform be invited to become members, and thus aid in carrying on the noble cause. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

It may be proper to state that all persons interested may become members by sending ten dollars to the president, ex-Gov. Seymour, at Utica, N. Y.

A series of resolutions were submitted by Mr. Walker of Michigan, chairman of the committee on business, relating first to the connection of intemperance with crime; second, to leasing or contracting convict labor, and advocating the control of such labor of prisoners by state authorities; third, recommending appointment of agents in all states and large cities for protection to poor and friendless persons charged with minor offenses; fourth, urging prompt and persistent efforts for the improvement of prisons, especially to the character of managers and their assistants.

The resolutions were discussed and adopted with the exception of the last, which was under discussion at adjournment of the morning session.

## THE FEMALE VOTERS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Indictments have been found by the grand jury in the United States district court now in session here, against Susan B. Anthony and fifteen other ladies, charging them with voting illegally in Rochester. They are to appear before the court in that city, in May next. Indictments were also found against three inspectors who received their votes.

## CRIME.

**FURTHER TESTIMONY IN THE TWEED TRIAL.**

**TWO CRIMINALS HANGED.**

ETC., ETC., ETC.

**COURT-MARTIALED.** LOUISVILLE, Jan. 24.—It transpired here that the recent court-martial in the case of Major Ben F. Runkle, late superintendent of Freedman's bureau in Kentucky, the trial charges fraud against colored soldiers and other similar allegations, found him guilty and sentenced him to be cashiered, and pay fine of \$7,000, and be imprisoned in the penitentiary for four years, and in case the fine is not paid at the expired term, imprisonment for another four years be added. Runkle was a brevet brigadier general, and placed on the retired list with the rank of major.

**SALT LAKE, Jan. 24.**—It is stated that the Mormons at Cache Valley are indignant and threaten to lynch their sheriff, because he did not kill an officer of the United States court when the latter attempted to serve a writ of habeas corpus. It is also stated that further interference with the United States authorities will be met more effectually.

**HANGED.** NEWCASTLE, Del., Jan. 24.—Bill Dennis, colored, who was convicted of an outrage on Mary Thompson in March last, was executed today.

**EXECUTED.** DENVER, Col., Jan. 24.—Theo Micars was hanged in this city today for the murder of Geo. M. Bonaccina near Denver, August 1871. Micars has been twice convicted and sentenced, and suffered the penalty of the law after every possible effort made was exhausted by German

fellow countrymen to obtain another trial or commutative sentence.

**TWEED.** NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—In the Tweed case today, John H. Keyser testified he did plumbing work for the city in 1870. In making up his bill for the board of audit, County Auditor Watson caused them to be enlarged 33 1/3 per cent. He never attended before the board of audit; never saw Tweed sign his name on the bill; never had any transactions with the board; did not swear to or verify his bill, but sent them in correct. Witness here identified as forgeries the endorsements on warrants purporting to be his signature. On cross-examination witness said he added the 33 1/3 per cent. to cover his trouble and delay in collecting his bills, but judging from former occurrences, did not expect to get any of this money.

Jno. L. Everett, cashier of the Broadway bank, testified that the deposit tickets used by Woodward in depositing in 1870 had disappeared since the examination of S. J. Tilden. Witness had no knowledge of correctness of the amounts.

Parker, teller, and student, bookkeeper, were examined. The latter testified that deposit tickets could not be found when the books were examined in 1870, but believed they were afterwards.

Beckham here called on defendant to produce his books as required, but he declined to do so.

After recess, S. J. Tilden was sworn and testified to examination made by him and others of the accounts of Ingersoll & Co. and Garvey & Co. in the Broadway bank, previously published. Adjourned.

**CONGRESSIONAL.** SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Senator Anthony was chosen speaker pro tem in the absence of the vice president. Senator Wilson introduced a bill to authorize the construction of a pneumatic tube road from New York to Chicago.

Senator Sherman said there was a question connected with the currency, which it was necessary for congress to consider an early day. There was already a law requiring the transfer of \$25,000,000 banking capital from East and West, which the comptroller claimed to be impracticable, and there was also a question of the right of the secretary of the treasury to reissue any portion of the retired and cancelled United States notes.

Senator Edmunds offered an amendment to the appropriation bill, directing the secretary of the treasury to withhold all payments to any railroad company on account of freight or transportation of any kind to the amount of any payment made by the United States for interest on bonds of the United States issued to any such company and not repaid.

Senator Edmunds advocated the amendment as necessary for protection to the interests of the people, and if it violated in any way the legal rights of railroad companies they might seek redress through the court of claims.

Senator Sherman expressed doubt as to the jurisdiction of the court of claims in the matter.

Senator Edmunds then offered the following addition to his amendment: "Any such company may bring suit in the court of claims, to recover the price of such freight and transportation, and in such suit the right of such company to recover the same upon law, and the facts of the case shall be determined, and either party to the suit may appeal to the supreme court."

Senator Stevenson offered a substitute to Edmunds' amendment, directing the court to institute on the court of claims against the Pacific railroad, to recover interest paid by the United States on its bonds issued for the benefit of said road. In advocating this amendment, Stevenson said that corporations of these companies were gigantic powers, warring upon the rights of the country, and the people, and warned them if they were not willing in a disputed case like this, to submit to fair adjudication, there was a power in the land which would rise up and put them all under its feet.

The vice president appointed as conferees on the part of the senate on the Edmunds' amendment, Senators Schurz, Harlan and Cassedy.

Senator Stewart presented an amendment, which he said he would offer at the proper time, as a substitute to Edmunds' amendment. It directs the attorney general to cause proceedings to be instituted in the courts of the United States for the purpose of ascertaining if any obligation of the Union Pacific, Central Pacific, or any other railroad company, created by the act of July 1, 1862, or act of July 2, 1864, in relation to interest on bonds, remains unfulfilled, and to enforce the same if any are against said company or companies.

Senator Morrill of Maine presented an amendment directing the president to take such measures as may be necessary to recover from the Pacific railroad company interests paid by the United States on bonds issued for the use of said road, and transferring jurisdiction on the United States circuit court for the southern districts of New York to hear and determine the same, subject to appeal, as in other cases.

Pending action, the senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

**HOUSE.** After the passage of a number of bills, relating chiefly to the District of Columbia the house adjourned.

**WEATHER REPORT.** WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Probabilities: For New England westerly and northerly with rising barometer, falling temperature and clearing weather accompanied by light snow. For Middle states rising barometer, falling temperature, northerly and clearing weather. For the Southern states east of Mississippi and northward to Lake Erie and Upper Lakes rising barometer, lower temperature and northerly to westerly winds. Signals continue at New York, New London, Boston Milwaukee and Portland.

**FINANCIAL.** NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Money active, 7 to 1-32 closing 7 1/2. Gold higher and more active on heavy export, closing 145 1/2. Treasury treasury disbursements 251,000. Dry goods exports for to-morrow 4,368,592 and those of general merchandise estimated at 6,200. Governments active, 14 1/2. State bonds dull; stocks continue active and irregular.

## MARKET REPORT.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Flour steady. Wheat steady; No 2 spring \$1 25 cash; \$1 25 1/2 February; No 3 spring \$1 1 1/2 @ 1 1 1/2. Corn steady; No 2 mixed 30 1/2 cash; 31 1/2 31 1/2 February. Oats steady; No 3 31 1/2 31 1/2. Rye steady; No 2 28 1/2 @ 28 1/2. Barley in fair demand and higher; No 2 fall 31 1/2; No 3 30 1/2. Provisions quiet. Pork dull and nominal, \$12 cash. Lard in good demand, \$7 40 cash. Green hams a shade higher, 74 @ 84. Bulk meats steady, etc. Whiskey steady.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Flour less active but firm; super \$9 35 @ 9 50; common good \$7 30 @ 7 50; good to choice \$8 25 @ 8 50; white wheat X \$8 50 @ 9 10; prime western \$9 @ 9 25. Wheat weak; amber western \$2; red do \$1 95 @ 1 98; prime white western \$2 20; X \$2 30. Rye and barley unchanged. Corn, firm; old western mixed about 54 @ 55; in store 54 1/2 @ 55 1/2. Oats firmer fall demand, new western mixed 51 1/2 @ 52; black 50 1/2 @ 51. Coffee quiet. Pork steady; old mess 11 1/2; prime mess 14. Beef unchanged; mess 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2; extra 12 1/2 @ 13. Cut meats quiet. Hams, 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2. Sugar, 11 @ 11 1/2. Short clear March 7 1/2; short clear spot 8 1/2. Lard firmer; western steam 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 24.—Cotton higher; Low Merchandise 100; Merchandise 100 @ 100. Receipts 2,575; Shipments 1,339. Stock 38,475. Flour scarce; Price \$6 50 to \$7 00. Bran, dull and lower \$1 25. Hay scarce and firmer; prime \$4 50 @ 4 75. 4 @ 5 1/2. Hay lower 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4. Bran 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. Corn Meal \$3 20 @ 3 25. Meats still. Shoulders 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2; sides 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2; hams 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2. Pork lower 6 50. Oats scarce 30c. Bran, dull and lower \$1 25. Hay scarce and firmer; prime \$4 50 @ 4 75. 4 @ 5 1/2. Hay lower 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4. Bran 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. Corn Meal \$3 20 @ 3 25. Meats still. Shoulders 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2; sides 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2; hams 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2. Pork lower 6 50. Oats scarce 30c. Bran, dull and lower \$1 25. Hay scarce and firmer; prime \$4 50 @ 4 75. 4 @ 5 1/2. Hay lower 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4. Bran 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. Corn Meal \$3 20 @ 3 25. Meats still. Shoulders 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2; sides 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2; hams 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2. Pork lower 6 50. Oats scarce 30c. Bran, dull and lower \$1 25. Hay scarce and firmer; prime \$4 50 @ 4 75. 4 @ 5 1/2. Hay lower 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4. Bran 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. Corn Meal \$3 20 @ 3 25. Meats still. Shoulders 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2; sides 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2; hams 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2. Pork lower 6 50. Oats scarce 30c. Bran, dull and lower \$1 25. Hay scarce and firmer; prime \$4 50 @ 4 75. 4 @ 5 1/2. Hay lower 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4. Bran 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. Corn Meal \$3 20 @ 3 25. Meats still. Shoulders 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2; sides 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2; hams 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2. Pork lower 6 50. Oats scarce 30c. Bran, dull and lower \$1 25. Hay scarce and firmer; prime \$4 50 @ 4 75. 4 @ 5 1/2. Hay lower 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4. Bran 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. Corn Meal \$3 20 @ 3 25. Meats still. Shoulders 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2; sides 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2; hams 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2. Pork lower 6 50. Oats scarce 30c. Bran, dull and lower \$1 25. Hay scarce and firmer; prime \$4 50 @ 4 75. 4 @ 5 1/2. Hay lower 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4. Bran 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. Corn Meal \$3 20 @ 3 25. Meats still. Shoulders 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2; sides 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2; hams 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2. Pork lower 6 50. Oats scarce 30c. Bran, dull and lower \$1 25. Hay scarce and firmer; prime \$4 50 @ 4 75. 4 @ 5 1/2. Hay lower 3 1/2 @ 3 3